

ROMAN PLASTER

Contemporary decorative lime-based plaster with a soft, smooth and nuanced finish.

RECOMMENDED

Indoors.

USE

For vertical surfaces, in all rooms.

Substrates: On all standard building materials that have been properly primed.

BENEFITS

Contemporary-looking plaster. Silky touch.

SURFACE PREPARATION The surface must be perfectly cleaned, dusted and dry. Wash any remaining old paint, then sand and dust again, if necessary. On powdery or porous substrates, first apply a coat of Universal Primer.

Application tools: Apply the Rough Primer using a 1/2" (12mm) microfibre roller.

Apply the Mineral Plaster Undercoat and Roman Plaster using a large trowel or a stainless steel smoothing trowel.

APPLICATION

Generously cover the surface with a Rough Primer but avoid any build-up of thickness to ensure the plaster adheres to the surface.

Mineral Plaster Undercoat: After the Rough Primer has dried (approx. 12h), apply the Mineral Plaster Undercoat using a smoothing trowel and cover the surface in fine layers making rounded continuous movements. Start at the top of the wall and make your way down without exerting too much pressure. Adjust the thickness to the Rough Primer. Work on surfaces of approx. 20 to 40sq.Ft (2-4m²) and leave the walls to dry when your work is complete. Leave to dry for 12h

Roman Plaster: Gently stir the plaster until smooth. Using a smoothing trowel, cover the surface making rounded crisscrossing movements ensuring even thickness all over. Adjust thickness to the undercoat. Work on small areas starting at the top of the wall.

Leave to dry for 12h. Do not touch the plaster while it is drying to avoid fingerprints.

Once the plaster is dry, sand lightly using a scraper or a small orbital sander (220 micron sand paper) if necessary to remove any defects. Dust the surface carefully protecting your floor with a suitable plastic cover and vacuum if necessary.

Protection: Dry rooms: Apply the Water-based Wax to the plaster, which can take up to 3 days to dry if the weather is wet. Starting from the bottom of the wall, apply in rounded movements to small areas (8 x 8in) using a stainless steel mini trowel. Cover the entire surface. Wax is essential to maintain the colour over time.

Damp rooms: Please note, plaster cannot replace tiling. Apply the Protective Wax to the wall using a stainless steel mini-trowel.

NB.: The final color can only be appreciated once the wax has been applied and has dried completely.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Appearance: Matte.

Coverage: Mineral Plaster Undercoat: 109sq.Ft/Gal; 290sq.Ft/10L (2.7m²/L approx.). Roman Plaster: Approx. 90sq.Ft/Gal; 240sq.Ft/10L (2.2m²/L approx.).

GENERAL INFORMATION

Drying time: Mineral Plaster Undercoat: 30mins (dry to the touch).

Roman Plaster: Approx. 12h.

Second coat: Mineral Plaster Undercoat: 12h.

Roman Plaster: Approx. 24h.

Solid content: Mineral Plaster Undercoat: 76% in weight, 55% in volume.

Roman Plaster: 75% in weight, 55% in volume. **Density**: Mineral Plaster Undercoat: 1.9g/cm³.

Roman Plaster: 1.80g/cm³.

How to clean your equipment: Water.

Packaging: Mineral Plaster Undercoat: 1Gal and 10L.

Roman Plaster: 1Gal and 10L.

Storage: 1 year in its original unopened packaging. Keep away from frost.

HANDLE WITH CARE

Use in temperatures between 54°F (12°C) and 77°F (25°C). Do not use when relative humidity reaches more than 70%. This plaster contains slaked lime so it is essential you protect your eyes and wear gloves while applying. Work by wall sections using a single can. For a single project, use cans with the same batch number.

REGULATORY INFORMATION

VOC regulatory(1): Mineral Plaster Undercoat: This product contains 20g/L VOC in use.

Roman Plaster: This product contains 50g/L VOC in use.

Safety: Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for health and safety information.

TDS No. 906 Edition 12 April 2024. This Technical Data Sheet cancels and replaces the previous editions for the same product. As techniques evolve constantly, it is the sole responsibility of our customers to check with our services - before use - that this Technical Data Sheet is the most recent edition.

⁽¹⁾ Volatile Organic Compounds: Federal Regulations 40CFR59.